

CONTENTS

UNIT	UNIT TITLE	PAGE
1	my	1
	your	2
	What's your name?	3
2	his/her	
	What's his name?/What's her name?	5
3	their	
	What are their names?	
4	our/your	8
	Review: Personal Pronouns	
	's	10
5	Clothes	11
	Clothes	12
6	Whose is it?	13
	Whose are they?	
	Review: Whose is it?/Whose are they?	15
7	above/below	16
	in front of/behind/next to	
	Review: Prepositions of Location	18
8	at the top of/at the bottom of	19
	at the side of/in the middle of	20
	Review: Prepositions of Location	21
9	Where is?	22
	Where are?	23
	Review: Where is?/Where are?	24
10	Where are you from?	25
	Personal Information	26
11	Classroom Commands	27
	Classroom Commands	28
12	Negative Commands	29
	Negative Commands	
13	Simple Present: have/don't have	31
	Simple Present: has/doesn't have	
14	Do you have?	
	Does he have?/Does she have?	
15	Present Progressive: Statements	
	Present Progressive: Statements	
16	Present Progressive: Yes/No Questions Present Progressive: Yes/No Questions	
	riesent riogressive. res/rob Questions	- 30

CONTENTS

JNIT	UNIT TITLE	PAGE
17	Present Progressive: What Questions	39
	Present Progressive: What Questions	40
18	Present Progressive: Where Questions	41
	Present Progressive: Who Questions	42
19	with/by	
	to/at	
20	The Five Senses Senses with like	45
21	Vowels and Consonants Syllables	
		12
23	Spelling Rules: Verb + -ing Spelling Rules: Verb + -ing	
	Numbers 11–15 Numbers 16–20	
	Review: Numbers 11–20	
24	Numbers 21–25	
	Numbers 26–30	
	Numbers 1–100	56
25	American Money	57
	Review: American Money	58
26	How much?	59
	What time is it?	60
27	Two Ways of Telling Time	61
	Two Ways of Telling Time	62
28	In the Morning	63
	In the Afternoon	64
	In the Evening/At Night	65
29	Ordinal Numbers	66
	Days of the Week	
30	Months of the Year	
	Months of the Year	69
31	Dates	
	Review: Dates	
32	Direct Objects	72
	Indirect Objects	
	Indirect Object Movement	74







What's your name?





(His shirt is yellow.



Her shirt is orange.



(His socks are purple.



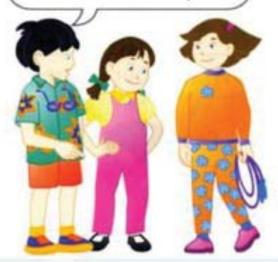
Her socks are blue.



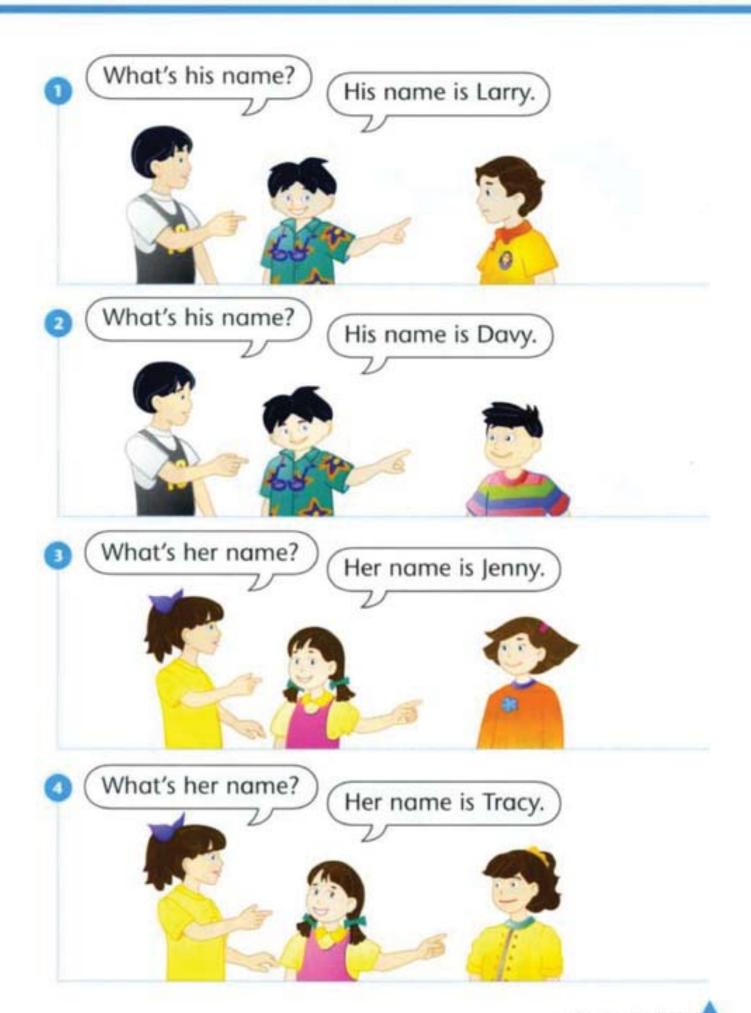
(His shoes are brown.



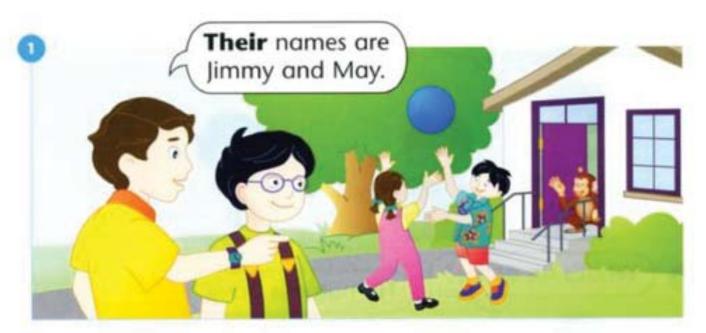
Her shoes are pink.



What's his name?/What's her name?











What are their names?







a





Review: Personal Pronouns

Fill in the blanks with my, your, his, her, their, or our.





Keri's dog is white.



May's cat is orange.



Larry's parrot is noisy.



Charlie's turtle is fast.



Sandy's hair is long.



Jenny's hair is short.

Clothes





Jimmy's **coat** is brown.

His **hat** is pink.

His **shirt** is white.

His **belt** is yellow.

His **pants** are blue.

His **shoes** are black.

Larry's **jacket** is purple.
His **cap** is black.
His **T-shirt** is red.
His **shorts** are orange.
His **socks** are white.
His **sneakers** are green.



May's hat is pink.
Her dress is pink.
Her watch is red.
Her bracelet is silver.
Her socks are white.
Her shoes are red.

Keri's **blouse** is white. Her **skirt** is blue. Her **sweater** is gray. Her **necklace** is gold. Her **tights** are white. Her **sandals** are black.

Whose is it?



Whose shirt is it?



It is Jimmy's shirt.



Whose dress is it?

Whose jacket is it?



it is _____ jacket.

Whose skirt is it?



It is _____ skirt.

Whose hat is it?



It is _____ hat.

Whose cap is it?



It is ____ cap.

Whose are they?







They are **Keri's** tights.

They are _____ pants.







They are _____ sandals.



They are _____ sneakers.





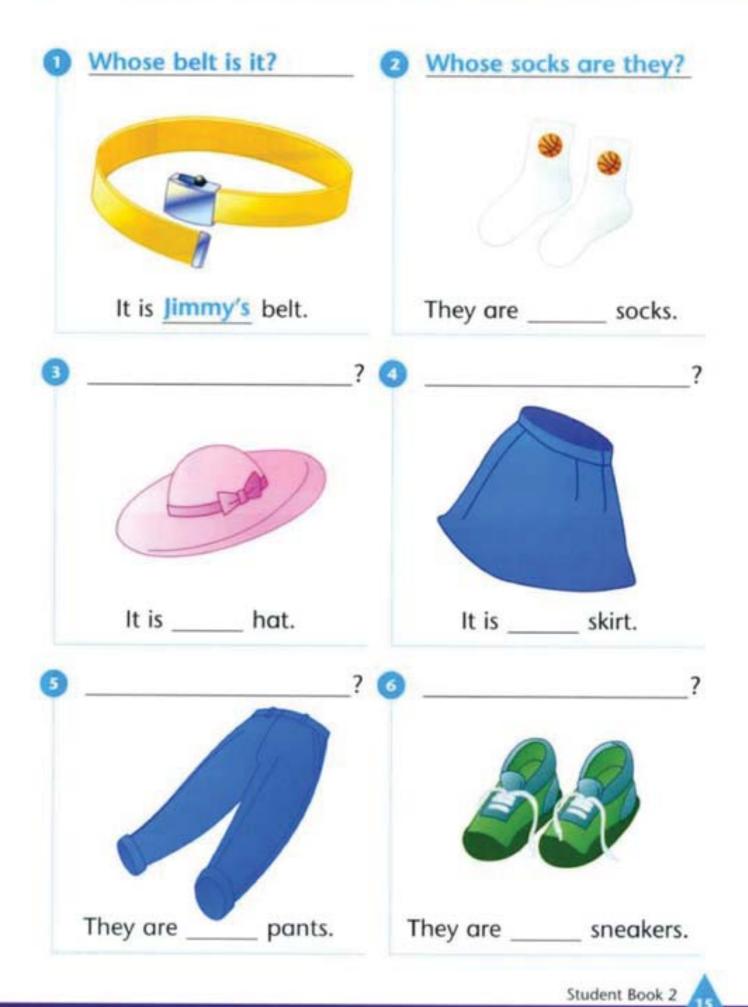
They are _____ socks.

Whose shorts are they?



They are _____ shorts.

Review: Whose is it?/Whose are they?





above/below



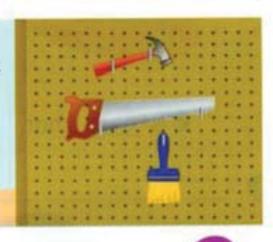
The picture is above the clock. The keys are below the clock.





The hammer is above the saw.
The paintbrush is below the saw.





The balloon is above the clouds. The kite is below the clouds.



in front of/behind/next to

The book is in front of the phone. The phone is behind the book. The magazine is next to the book.





Review: Prepositions of Location

Fill in the blanks. Use above, next to, behind, in front of, or below.



- Larry's parrot is in front of Jimmy's monkey.
- 2 Jimmy's monkey is ______ May's cat.
- Jimmy is _____ Larry.
- Larry is ______ Jimmy.
- The parrot is _____ the mouse.
- The mouse is _____ the bench.



at the top of/at the bottom of

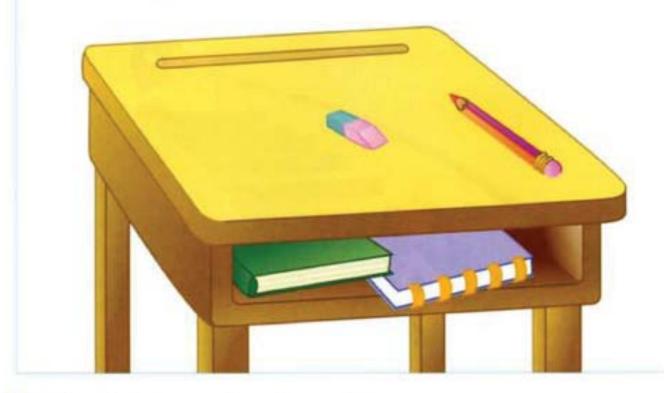
Jimmy is at the top of the stairs.
Max is at the bottom of the stairs.



The tree is at the top of the mountain.
The river is at the bottom of the mountain.



The pencil is at the side of the desk.
The eraser is in the middle of the desk.

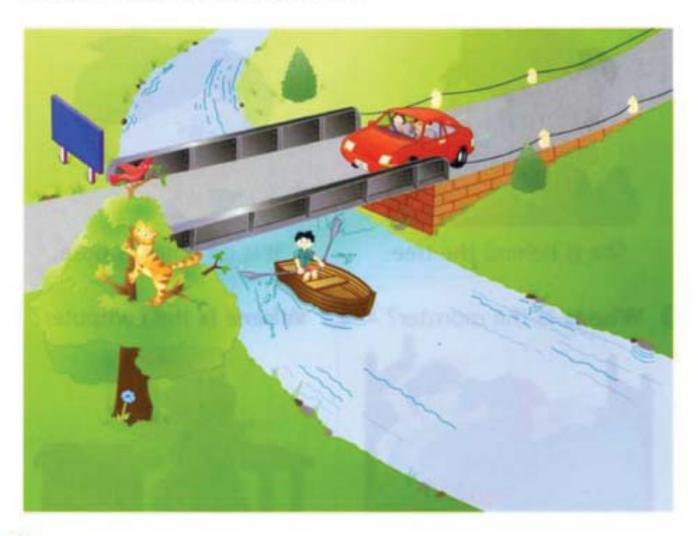


The chair is at the side of the room.
The table is in the middle of the room.



Review: Prepositions of Location

Fill in the blanks. Use at the top of, at the side of, at the bottom of, or in the middle of.



- A bird is _____ the tree.
- A cat is _____ the tree.
- 3 A flower is ______ the tree.
- A sign is _____ the road.
- A car is _____ the road.
- A boat is _____ the river.



Where is May?



She is behind the tree.

Where is the fly?



It is on Jimmy's nose.

Where is the monster?



It is under the bed.

Where is the computer?



It is on the desk.

Where is Jimmy?



He is in front of Kenny.

Where is the soda?



It is next to the glass.

Where are the grapes?



They are in the basket.

Where are the kites?



They are above the clouds.

Where are the ducks?



They are below the clouds.

Where are the boys?



They are behind the girls.

Where are the pencils?





They are next to the pens.

Where are the boys?



They are in the river.

Review: Where is?/Where are?

1 Where is the microwave? 2 Where are the erasers?



It is <u>on</u> the table.



They are __in__ the box.

the rabbit?





It is ____ the hat.



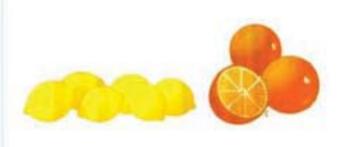
They are ____ the book.

Use the light?





It is _____ the table.



They are _____ the lemons.



Where are you from?

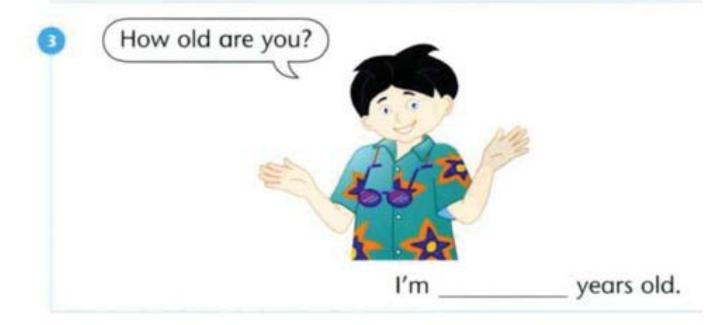


Personal Information

What's your name?

My name is _____.

I'm from _____.





Classroom Commands



Classroom Commands





Negative Commands







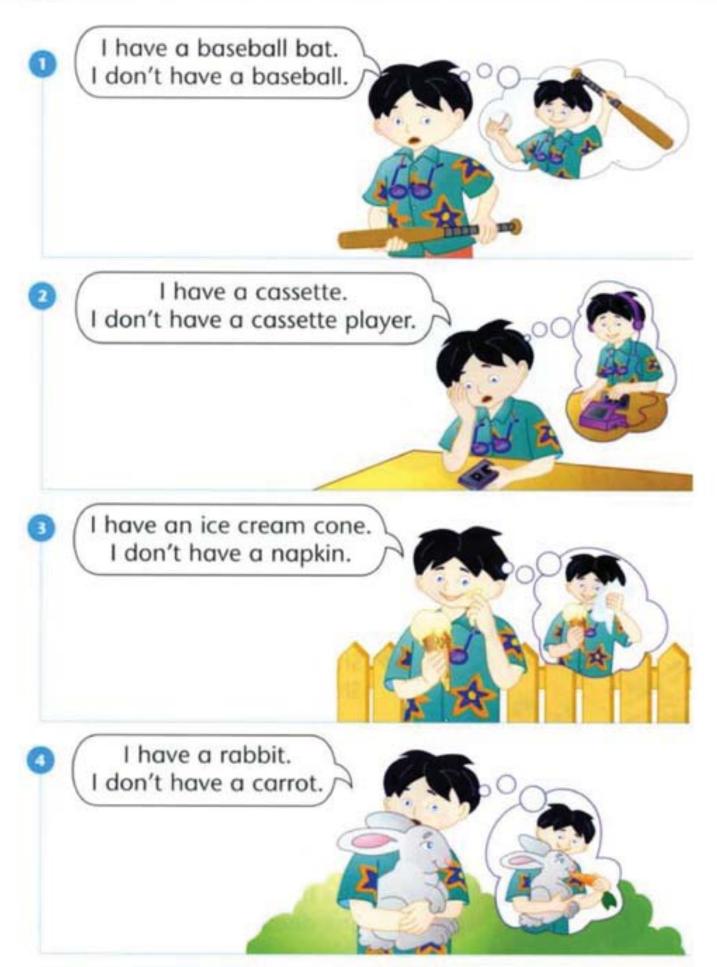
do not = don't

Negative Commands





Simple Present: have/don't have



Simple Present: has/doesn't have





She has a cat. She doesn't have a horse.





She has a raincoat. She doesn't have an umbrella.



Do you have ...?



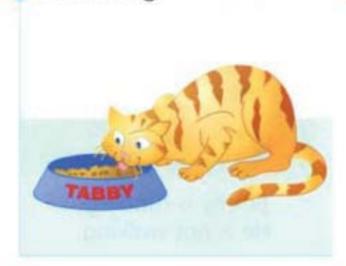
Does he have...?/Does she have...?





Present Progressive: Statements

1 It is eating.



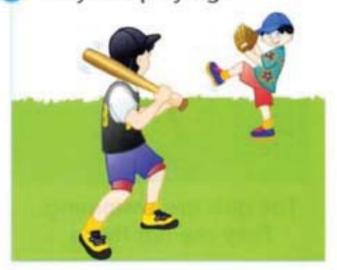
She is drinking.



They are working.



They are playing.



They are singing.



It is sleeping.



Present Progressive: Statements



May is walking. She is not running.



Jimmy is running. He is not walking.



The girls are swimming. They are not flying.



The boys are flying. They are not swimming.



May is reading. She is not writing.



Jimmy is writing. He is not reading.



Present Progressive: Yes/No Questions

Is Ronnie crying?



Yes, he is. He is crying.

Is Rhonda crying?



No, she is not. She is laughing.

Is Jimmy talking?



Yes, he is. He is talking.

Is Larry talking?



No, he is not. He is listening.

Is Mr. Lee sitting down?



Yes, he is. He is sitting down.

Is Mrs. Lee sitting down?



No, she is not. She is standing up.

Present Progressive: Yes/No Questions

Is Jimmy pulling a rope?



Yes, he is. He is pulling a rope.

Is Mr. Lee pushing a scooter?



No, he is not. He is pushing a car.

Is Larry kicking a ball?



Yes, he is. He is kicking a ball.

Is May catching a ball?



No, she is not. She is catching a balloon.

Is the cat climbing a wall? Is Mrs. Lee driving a car?



No, it is not. It is climbing a tree.



Yes, she is. She is driving a car.



Present Progressive: What Questions



- What is Sunny doing? He is opening the door.
- What is Kenny doing? He is shutting the window.
- What is Jenny doing? She is painting a tree.
- What is Jimmy doing? He is writing a word.
- What is Larry doing? He is drawing a shark.
- What are Keri and May doing? They are reading a book.

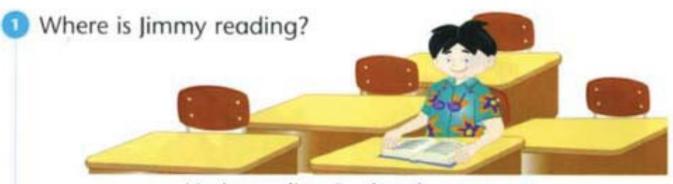
Present Progressive: What Questions



- What is Mrs. Lee washing? She is washing the dishes.
- What is Mr. Lee cooking? He is cooking an egg.
- What is Grandpa Lee watching? He is watching a cartoon.
- What is Grandma Lee brushing? She is brushing the dog.
- What is Jimmy cutting? He is cutting an orange.
- What is May making? She is making a sandwich.



Present Progressive: Where Questions



He is reading in the classroom.







Present Progressive: Who Questions

Who is jumping?



Keri is jumping.

Who is talking?



Jimmy is talking.

Who is climbing?



Larry is climbing.

Who is Rhonda kissing?



She is kissing her mother.

Who is Ronnie hugging?



He is hugging his father.

Who is Mr. Lee carrying?



He is carrying Rhonda.





Jimmy is with Kenny.



They are sitting by the river.



May is with Keri.



They are sitting by the tree.



Jimmy and Kenny are with May and Keri.



They are sitting **by** the fire.

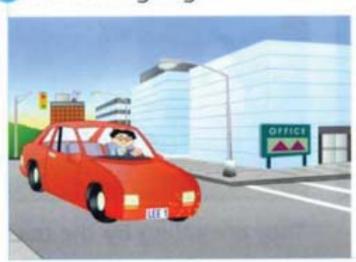
May is going to school.



Now she is at school.



Mr. Lee is going to the office.



Now he is at the office.



Mrs. Lee is going to the market. Now she is at the market.







The Five Senses







Vowels and Consonants

English has five vowels. They are:



English has twenty-one consonants. They are:



Syllables

Say each word below. Clap once for each syllable.

1. dog

5. pen cil

9. open

2. doll

6. um brel la

10. mon key

3. banana

7. eat

11. drink

4. book

8. ride

12. cat



Spelling Rules: Verb + -ing

When adding -ing to a verb, the spelling may change.

Rule 1



Rule 2



If a verb ends in e, drop the e and add -ing.

make-making

If a verb ends in ie, change the ie to y and add -ing.

tie-tying

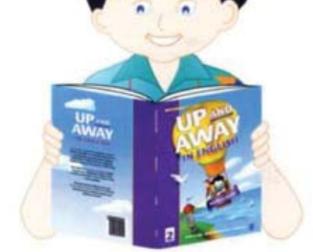
Add -ing to these words. Spell them out loud.

give → _____



- 3. ride —
- drive →
- **5.** tie →
- 6. die →





When adding -ing to a verb, the spelling may change.



plus a consonant, double the last consonant and add -ing.

hug→hugging

If a one-syllable verb ends in one vowel

For other verbs, just add -ing.

eat → eating

Rule 4



Add -ing to these words. Spell them out loud.

Numbers 11-15

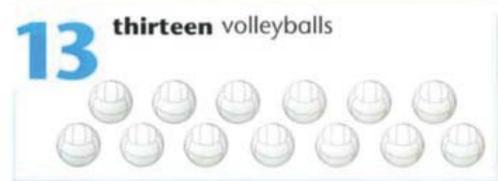




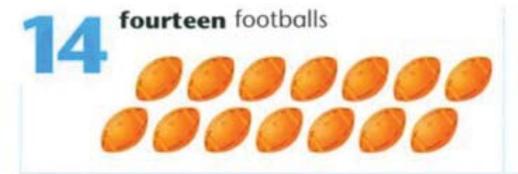














15 fifteen baseballs





Review: Numbers 11–20

Look at the picture. Then fill in the blanks.



- 1 Keri has eleven books.
 2 Jenny has _____ fish.
- - Larry has _____ marbles.

 Jimmy has ____ cards.



twenty-one circles



twenty-two squares



twenty-three triangles



twenty-four rectangles



twenty-five stars



Count to 100.





American Money

One penny equals one cent.



10

One nickel equals five cents.



5€

One dime equals ten cents.



10¢

One quarter equals twenty-five cents.



25¢

One dollar equals one hundred cents.



\$1

Review: American Money

Two dimes equal <u>twenty</u> cents.





2 Two quarters equal _____ cents.





Two dimes and one nickel equal _____ cents.







One nickel and eight pennies equal _____ cents.



















Three quarters and one dime equal _____ cents.









Four quarters equal _____ dollar.















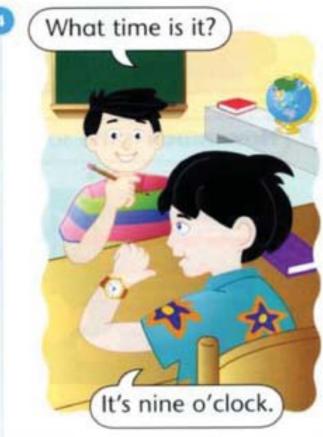


it is = it's they are = they're











Two Ways of Telling Time

It is one-ten.
It is ten after one.



It is one-fifteen.
It is a quarter after one.



It is one-twenty.
It is twenty after one.



It is one-thirty.
It is half past one.



Two Ways of Telling Time

It is one-forty.
 It is twenty to two.



It is one forty-five. It is a quarter to two.



It is one-fifty.
It is ten to two.



It is two o'clock.



In the Morning





It is 6:00 **in the morning**. Jimmy is getting up.



It is 6:15 **in the morning**. He is taking a shower.



It is 6:30 **in the morning**. He is putting on his clothes.



It is 7:00 **in the morning**. He is eating his breakfast.

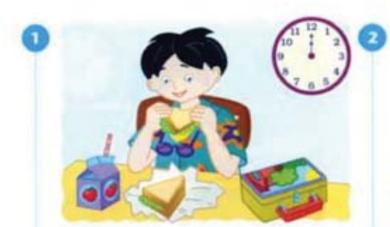


It is 7:10 **in the morning**. He is brushing his teeth.



It is 7:20 **in the morning**. He is going to school.

In the Afternoon



It is 12:00 **in the afternoon**. Jimmy is eating lunch.



It is 1:00 **in the afternoon**. He is studying math.



It is 2:15 **in the afternoon**. He is studying English.



It is 3:00 **in the afternoon**. He is having a snack.



It is 3:50 **in the afternoon**. He is playing tennis.



It is 4:45 **in the afternoon**. He is going home.

In the Evening/At Night



It is 5:15 **in the evening**. Jimmy is practicing the piano.



It is 6:00 **in the evening**. He is eating dinner.



It is 6:30 **in the evening**. He is doing homework.



It is 9:45 **at night**. He is listening to the radio.



It is 10:00 **at night.** He is taking a bath.



It is 10:30 **at night.** He is going to sleep.



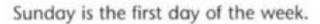
Ordinal Numbers

2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th 9th 10th 1st 7th 8th first second third fourth sixth seventh eighth ninth tenth



Days of the Week

Sunday





Monday

Monday is the second day of the week.



Tuesday

Tuesday is the third day of the week.



Wednesday

Wednesday is the fourth day of the week.



Thursday

Thursday is the fifth day of the week.



Friday

Friday is the sixth day of the week.



Saturday

Saturday is the seventh day of the week.

It is the last day of the week.





Months of the Year

























Months of the Year

1 In January May celebrates the New Year.



In February she makes Valentine's Day cards.



In March she flies kites.



In April she picks flowers.



In May she plays baseball.



In June she goes to the beach.



In July she eats ice cream.



In August she rides her bike.



In September she plays in the leaves.



In October she eats Halloween candy.



10 In November she plays in the snow.



12 In December she celebrates Christmas.





Read the calendar below. Say each day like this: "Tuesday, December first."

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday 1 first	Wednesday 2 second	Thursday 3 third	Friday 4 fourth	Saturday 5 fifth
sixth	7 seventh	8 eighth	9 ninth	10 tenth	11 eleventh	12 twelfth
thirteenth	14 fourteenth	15 fifteenth	16 sixteenth	17 seventeenth	18 eighteenth	19 nineteen
0 twentieth	21 twenty-first	22 twenty- second	23 twenty-third	24 twenty-fourth	25 twenty- fifth	26 twenty-sixth
27 twenty- seventh	28 twenty- eighth	29 twenty ninth	30 thirtieth	CHRISTMAS EVE 31 thirty- first	CHRISTMA	

Review: Dates

Look at the calendar on page 70. Then fill in the blanks.





Direct Objects

Jimmy is wearing a purple party hat

Court

direct object



Jimmy's Birthday Party

This is Jimmy's birthday party.

Jimmy is wearing a purple party hat.

He is holding his pet rabbit.

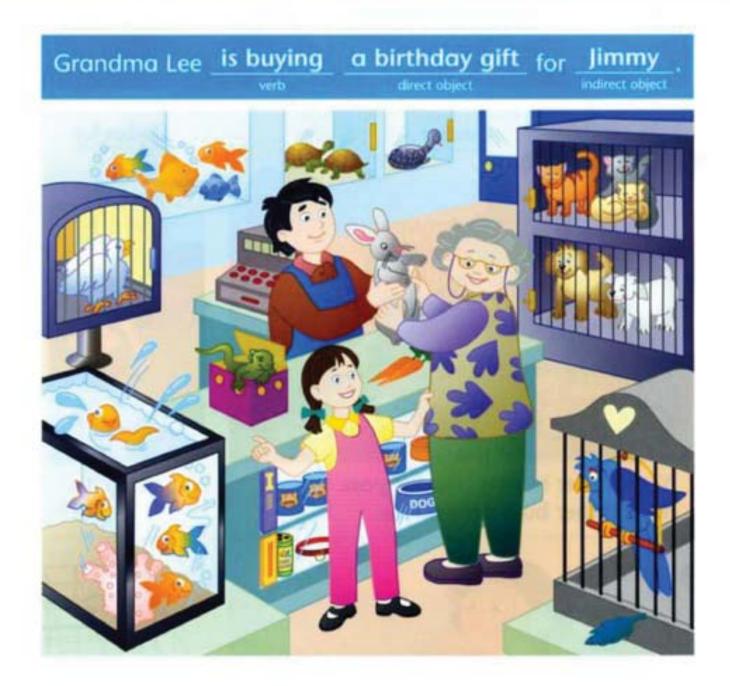
He is patting it on the head.

Jimmy's friends are eating cake and ice cream.

Sunny is eating peanuts.

Ronnie and Rhonda are making noise.

Indirect Objects



Jimmy's Birthday Gift

Today is Jimmy's birthday.

Grandma Lee is at the pet shop.

She is buying a birthday gift for Jimmy.

The shopkeeper is showing a rabbit to her.

May asks Grandma Lee to buy a fish for her.

"Not today," says Grandma Lee.

"It's not your birthday. It's Jimmy's birthday today."

Indirect Object Movement

Your mother buys a big birthday cake <u>for you</u>. Your mother buys <u>you</u> a big birthday cake.

Lucky

Unlucky

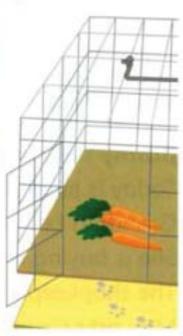


Your father buys a bike for **you**. Your father buys **you** a bike.

You crash it.



Your grandmother gives a rabbit to **you**. Your grandmother gives **you** a rabbit.



It runs away.